

Equality Impact Assessment

Directorate: RHR	
Service: Finance & Audit	
Name of Officer/s completing assessment: Jackie Adams	
Date of Assessment: 03.03.2016	
Name of service/function or policy being assessed: Discretionary Housing Payments Scheme 2015-16	
1.	<p>What are the aims, objectives, outcomes, purpose of the policy, service change, function that you are assessing?</p> <p>The <u>changes</u> to the Discretionary Housing Payment scheme for 2016-17</p>
2.	<p>Who implements or delivers the policy, service or function? State if this is undertaken by more than one team, service, and department including any external partners.</p> <p>The policy is delivered in the first instance by our partner arvato, whose role it is to accept all applications, analysis them, request such supporting information as they see fit and assess how much local Discretionary Housing Payment a person will be entitled to within the bounds of the scheme. If the Customer disagrees with the assessment they have the right to ask arvato as our partner in conjunction with representatives from Slough Borough Council Client Team to review their decision at a panel meeting and if the decision stands the Customer has a right to appeal to the ombudsman as the next stage as this is a discretionary scheme and does not have another independent review body.</p>
3.	<p>Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc. Please consider all of the Protected Characteristics listed (more information is available in the background information). Bear in mind that people affected by the proposals may well have more than one protected characteristic.</p> <p>All those who live in the borough and pay rent to a Private or Social Landlord could potentially be affected by this proposal, the only people entitled to a payment under the legislation will be those in receipt of Housing Benefit or Universal Credit, though Housing Benefit and Universal Credit is open to anyone on a low income who pays rent.</p>

The scheme is a discretionary scheme set up to assist those people who are having difficulty paying their rent but they must be in receipt of Housing Benefits or Universal Credit to be eligible. DHP can give assistance to those suffering financial hardship where additional help over and above their Housing Benefit or Universal Credit is available to assist with their rent costs for a limited period of time – the budget is cash limited.

The funding was initially increased three years ago when the Welfare Reform changes were first introduced in order to give people support while they became accustomed to the changes. The amount of grant has gradually reduced year on year as the changes have become embedded.

There is additional funding available from central government for 2016-17 in order to support those customers affected by the further Welfare Reform changes. (Implementation of a lower benefits cap – due in SBC in Autumn 2016).

- o Age – the policy is generic and will help people of all ages, though certain aspects of the welfare reform legislation (e.g. Spare room Subsidy and benefits cap) does not affect people over the age of 60, so they will not be disadvantaged and therefore will not need to take advantage of this scheme.

- o Disability – there are a number of changes under Welfare Reform that affects people with a disability, the DHP policy aims where possible to protect people with a disability and to protect their homes especially if they have been adapted for disabled living. In addition there has been some caselaw recently which means that those who have their homes adapted for a disabled member of the family msu have a DHP assessed also if there is a room used in the home for an overnight carer. SBC has prioritised in the policy support for households where there is a disabled member of the family.

- o Pregnancy and maternity - where a house hold who has an additional bedroom and may be subject to the spare room subsidy but is expecting a child and the spare room subsidy will be removed or reduced on the birth of the child the DHP policy aims to protect these households until the birth of the child.

There is no specific changes to the following under the Welfare Reform Act, the changes are generic and affect all groups, the policy is therefore generic in the need to able to provide support to all parts of the community affected by Welfare Reform and to assist them into work or to fund cheaper alternative accommodation if appropriate therefore cash limited help will be available to all groups and they will be treated based on their circumstances as defined in the policy

- o Race

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Religion and Belief o Sex o Sexual orientation o Gender Reassignment o Marriage and Civil Partnership o Other <p>This policy aims to assist some of the most vulnerable people in the community and needs to be simple and easily implemented and understood. This is why each claim is considered individually and customers are given all of the support they need to access the scheme. Officers in Revenues, Customers Service, and Housing are fully aware of DHP's and the process of claiming.</p>
4.	<p>What are any likely positive impacts for the group/s identified in (3) above? You may wish to refer to the Equalities Duties detailed in the background information.</p> <p>None from the changes to the scheme</p>
5.	<p>What are the likely negative impacts for the group/s identified in (3) above? If so then are any particular groups affected more than others and why?</p> <p>None from the changes to the scheme</p>
6.	<p>Have the impacts identified in (4) and (5) above been assessed using up to date and reliable evidence and data? Please state evidence sources and conclusions drawn (e.g. survey results, customer complaints, monitoring data etc).</p> <p>n/a</p>
7.	<p>Have you engaged or consulted with any identified groups or individuals if necessary and what were the results, e.g. have the staff forums/unions/ community groups been involved?</p> <p>n/a</p>
8.	<p>Have you considered the impact the policy might have on local community relations?</p> <p>n/a</p>

9.	<p>What plans do you have in place, or are developing, that will mitigate any likely identified negative impacts? For example what plans, if any, will be put in place to reduce the impact?</p> <p>The scheme has been developed in conjunction with the our partners arvato and other interested parties, in order to ensure that we are treating Customers fairly and providing support to those who need it the most. As the budget is cash limited and the call on the DHP's during 2015-16 is higher than ever in SBC, regular liaison has been maintained and agreement with the above parties where we needed to limit payments in order that those most in need received the payments and that customers maintained their home. It is intended that this liaison continues as required during 2016-17.</p> <p>In addition we monitor the Customers that apply for DHP by race and disability and have analysed these results taking into account the make up of the borough. We have not analysed the results by gender as one member of the household applied on behalf of the household for Housing benefits, Universal Credit and DHP</p> <p>We note that there may come a time where DHP's have to be reduced or suspended if the grant is spent, we have worked to avoid this in 2015-16 and will continue to do the same in 2016-17 by reducing payments if necessary rather than stopping payments so those in need receive some assistance.</p>
10.	<p>What plans do you have in place to monitor the impact of the proposals once they have been implemented? (The full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented). Please see action plan below.</p> <p>The DHP spend is currently monitored on a weekly basis to ensure that the spend remains within budget, the details of the customers that receive DHP are available to the Partnership Development and Client Monitoring Team including protected characteristic's listed above and all payments are who regularly monitored.</p>

What course of action does this EIA suggest you take? More than one of the following may apply	✓
Outcome 1: No major change required. The EIA has not identified any potential for discrimination or adverse impact and all opportunities to promote equality have been taken	X
Outcome 2: Adjust the policy to remove barriers identified by the EIA or better promote equality. Are you satisfied that the proposed adjustments will remove the barriers identified? (Complete action plan).	
Outcome 3: Continue the policy despite potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities to promote equality identified. You will need to ensure that the EIA clearly sets out the justifications for continuing with it. You should consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the negative impact and/or plans to monitor the actual impact (see questions below). (Complete action plan).	
Outcome 4: Stop and rethink the policy when the EIA shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination. (Complete action plan).	

Action Plan and Timetable for Implementation

At this stage a timetabled Action Plan should be developed to address any concerns/issues related to equality in the existing or proposed policy/service or function. This plan will need to be integrated into the appropriate Service/Business Plan.

Action	Target Groups	Lead Responsibility	Outcomes/Success Criteria	Monitoring & Evaluation	Target Date	Progress to Date

Name:

Signed:Jackie Adams(Person completing the EIA)

Name:Joseph Holmes

Signed:(Policy Lead if not same as above)

Date: 3rd March 2016